SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

END POVERTY IN ALL ITS FORMS EVERYWHERE

18,000 children die each day of poverty related causes. Most poor people remain outside of social protection systems such as unemployment benefits or a pension, especially in low income countries.

In 2015, 10.2 percent of the world's workers were living with their families on less than $1.90 per person per day.

Disaster risk is disproportionately higher in poorer countries with weaker institutions. Disaster risk reduction helps to end poverty.

Between 2002 and 2012, the number of people living below the poverty line dropped by half.

DEFINITION

Absolute poverty: is when you have less money than that necessary to buy basic needs such as food, clothes, and shelter. The World Bank defines this as anybody living on less than $1.90 a day. This definition simplifies the problem of poverty because it doesn’t consider quality of living.

Relative poverty: views poverty in relation to other members of society. People are poor when they are under average standards of living.

Social exclusion: sees the social effects of poverty, the inability to partake in relationships and activities.

TARGETS

By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than $1.25 a day

By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance

By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters

Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions

Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions

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